INSTRUCTIONS MANUAL

COPENHAGUE DEUX
CPH210

L140/200 x W75 x H73 cm

By RONAN & ERWAN BOUROULLEC

HAY
Copenhague Deux is a range of tables and benches for compact spaces. The collection offers dining tables, coffee tables and benches in 12 different sizes. The tabletop surface is made from a new laminate based on Nanotechnology providing an extremely matt surface with a soft touch that is anti-fingerprint and easily cleaned.
When you move the table, make sure to lift it rather than pulling or pushing it, as that would damage the legs and mountings. We recommend that you tighten up the screws and nuts after one to two months' use. Wood and linoleum are natural materials, which may change in colour and will patinate over time. To reduce changes avoid placing the table in direct sunlight or near a heat source. To avoid permanent stains, use coasters under damp, hot or coloured objects. We recommend that you avoid covering the surface partially, for example with tablecloths or place mats, as colour variances may appear. Always remove stains quickly before they can do any permanent damage to the tabletop.

CLEANING

Lacquered or stained wood / For daily maintenance, wipe the surface with a clean, dry cloth. For cleaning, use a clean cloth wrung in water or in a solution of water and a neutral detergent (soap flakes) or a care product suited especially for lacquered or stained wood. Remove soap residue immediately using a clean, dry cloth. To remove stains, use a clean, damp cloth wrung in lukewarm water with one part vinegar to nine parts water. Follow up immediately with a clean, dry cloth. If the surface is scratched or appears matt, use lacquer care. Avoid using detergents containing silicone, as that would seal the stain in and make subsequent repairs more difficult. Avoid using scouring cream or scouring pads, as they may scratch the surface.

Soap-treated wood / For daily maintenance, wipe the table with a clean, dry cloth. For cleaning, use a clean cloth wrung in water or in a solution of water and a neutral detergent (soap flakes) or a care product suited especially for soap-finished wood. Remove soap residue immediately using a clean, dry cloth. To remove stains, clean and scrub using a thick solution of soap flakes that is not allowed to stay on the wood for more than 2 minutes. Then remove the remaining soap residue using a damp cloth. If the grain of the wood rises after cleaning, gently sand down the tabletop using fine-grit sandpaper (No. 220), always going with the grain.

Linoleum / Clean the tabletop with a clean cloth wrung in water and a detergent suited especially for linoleum. Follow up immediately with a clean, dry cloth. Alternatively, stains may be carefully removed using white spirit (mineral spirit) or a damp nano sponge with dipped in lukewarm water or linoleum care. Never use the nano sponge dry. Avoid alkaline detergents such as soft (yellow) soap, washing soda, lye and scouring powder.

Laminate / Clean the tabletop with a clean cloth wrung in a solution of water and a universal detergent. Soap residue and excess moisture should be removed immediately, using a clean, dry cloth. Stains can be removed gently with household ammonia or with a clean, damp cloth or a nano-sponge wrung in warm water with 1 part vinegar to 10 parts water. Never use the nano sponge dry. Follow up immediately with a clean, dry cloth. Avoid using abrasive products when cleaning laminate, as they may scratch the surface.
While assembling, keep the table inside the cardboard box to protect the tabletop from scratches etc. Make sure that all parts are included.
2. Place the B parts and align them with the holes. Place part C in the holes. Gently tighten part C.

3. Use the allen key to tighten the C parts completely.
4. Flip the table (2 persons recommended).

5.